YOUR GREEN ALTERNATIVE

Sixth Heat Treatment Workshop A Practical Methyl Bromide Alternative for 2009 and Beyond IGP Conference Center, Manhattan, KS May 13-15, 2009

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Presentation Outline





→ Advantage

Insect death

- Process Pros & Cons
- Research & Application-
- Our Company
- Conclusions
 - Application images

KSU, Purdue, Minnesota

Food Proc. Plants



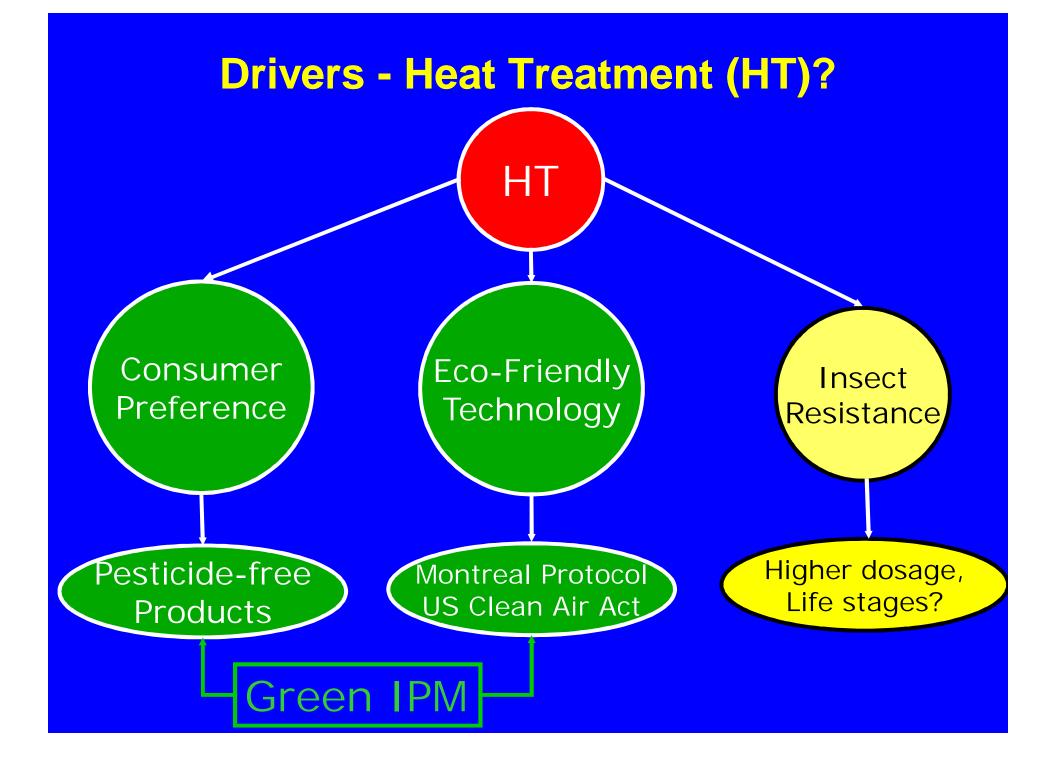
Heat Treatment – Historical Look

- 1762, France: 69°C / 156 °F for 3 d, moth
- 1860, England: 57°C / 135 °F for grain
- 1910, USA: heat treatment of mills
- 1920, USA: 30 mills use heat in OH, PA
- 1932, France: MB as insecticide

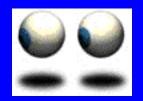
Used first 247 yrs ago!

History of Heat Treatments

- 1950's: Quaker Oats using heat
- 1983: EDB banned
- 1990's: increased interest in heat
- 1992: MB found ozone unfriendly
- 1994: Dursban in Cheerios
- 2005: MB to be phased out
- 2006: MB extension US, Canada ???



Heat Advantages

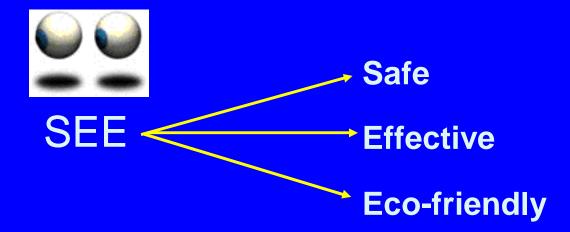


- Safe: non-chemical, people-safe
- Effective: kills all life stages
- Eco-friendly: no ozone depletion, toxic fumes, or corrosive effect

Heat treat: Facilities, Bins & Silos



Heat Advantages



- No evacuation of personnel
- No Sealing (except doorways, loading docks etc.)
- Spot Treatments continued productivity within plant, offices, warehouse etc.

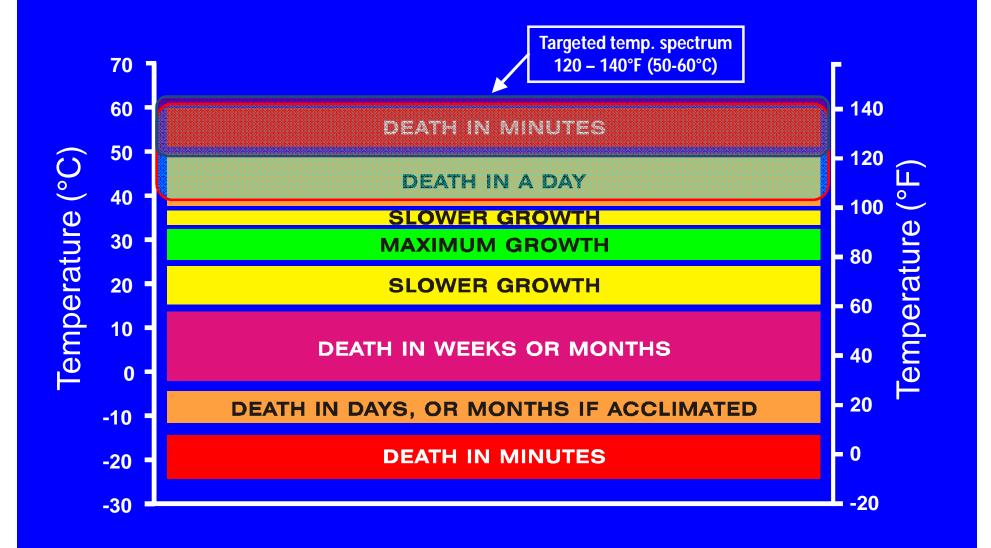


Heat & Insect Death

• High temperature –

- Death by Dehydration (low RH)/desiccation
- Above 50 °C / 120 °F
 - Cell membranes "melt"
 - Enzyme destruction
 - Change in salt balance
 - Protein coagulation

Temperature Effects on Insects



Source: P. Fields, AAFC, Canada

Efficacy to Control Pests

- MBr Methyl bromide
- PH₃ Phosphine
- SF (Profume)
- CO₂ Carbon dioxide
- O₃ Ozone

Efficacy – function of temperature

Heat Treatment

Insects – lethal threshold temperatures

prad

High Temperature ► [120 - 140°F/(50 - 60°C)]

HT Process <

Ambient temperature

► Low Humidity (≤ 25%) (Desiccation/Dehydration)

Heat Vs MB - Downtime Comparison (hours)

Methyl Bromide

- Sealing.....0
- Set up.....4-6
- Fumigation.....24
- Aeration.....12-24
- TOTAL.....40-54

Plant evacuation mandatory

Thermal Remediation

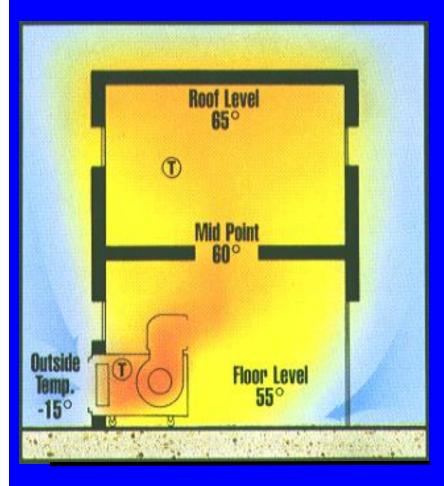
- Set up.....0
- Heat up......6-8
- Kill Period......24
- Cool down.....2-4
- Tear down.....1-2
- TOTAL.....33-40

Untreated areas operational



Process

Positive Pressurization – Forced ambient air (Patented Process)



US & Canadian Patents

- Positive pressure
 - Good air distribution
 - Hot air is pushed into corners, cracks and crevices
- Calculated and controlled infiltration (4-6 air changes per hour)
- Lower relative humidity

Re-circulating Inside Air

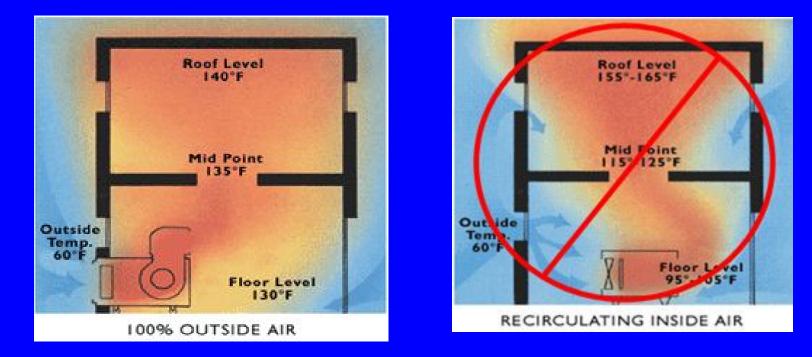


Negative pressure
Poor air circulation
Uncontrolled infiltration

No air changes

Low temperature zones (cold spots)

Construction Heat Principles: Make-Up vs. Recirculating



- Recirculating heaters promote thermal stratification and infiltration
- Make-up air heaters provide uniform temperatures, pressurize the structure, and exhaust moisture and fumes

Steps in Heat Treatment





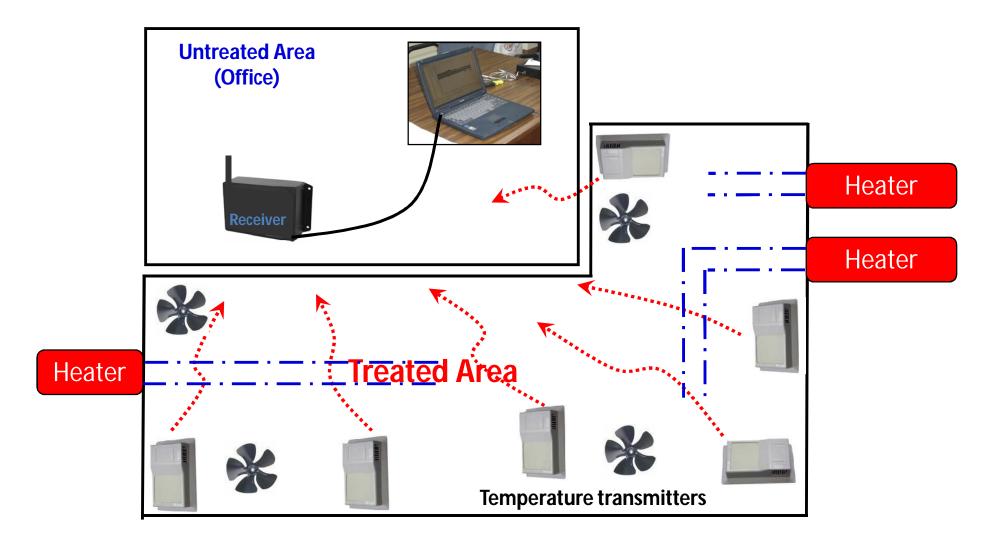
Setup, HT, Document & Review

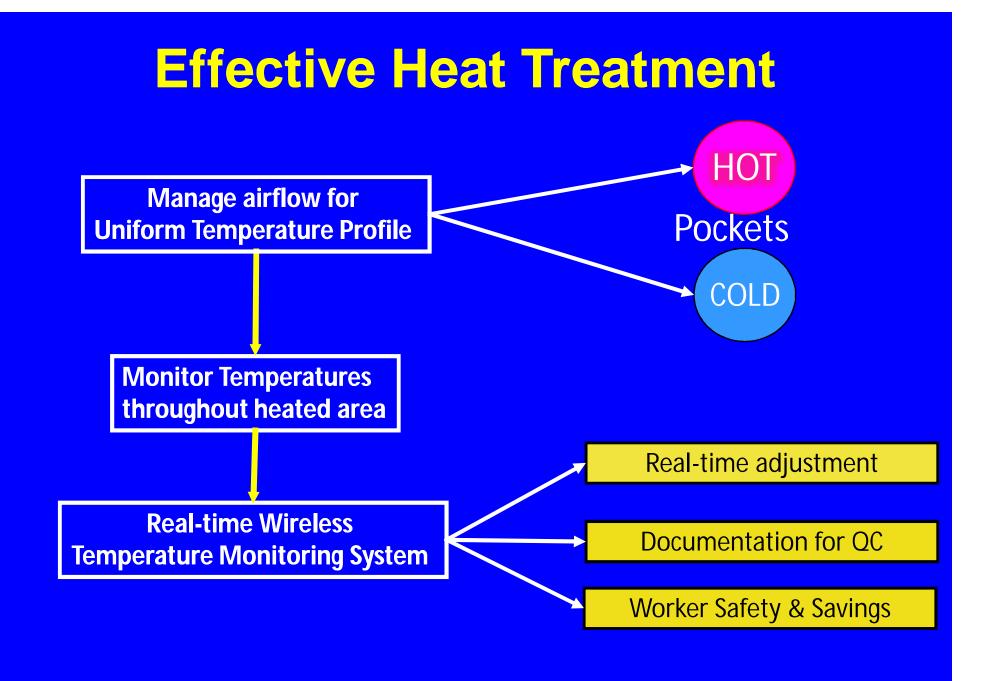


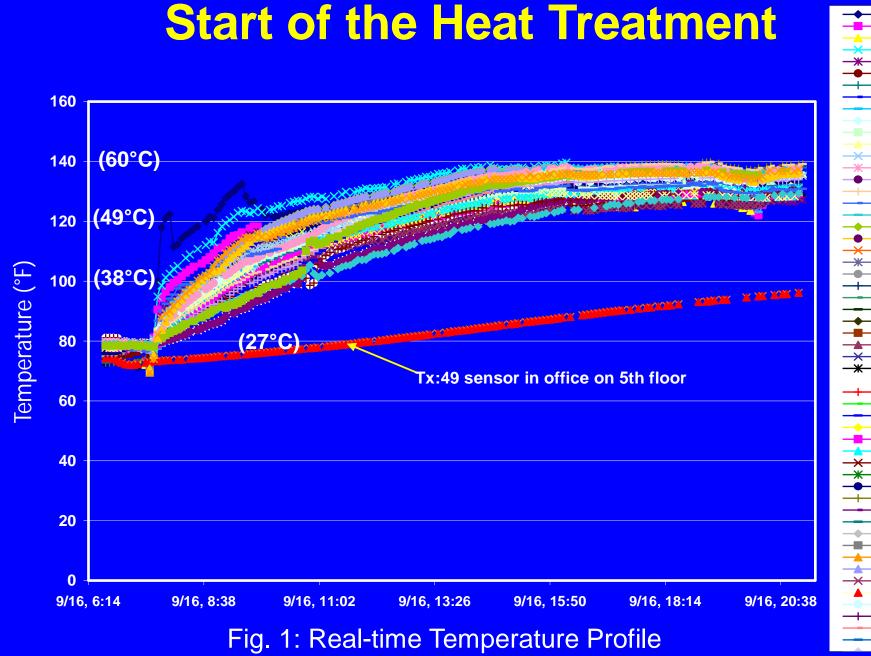


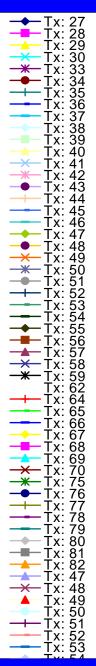
Equipment mobilization

Real-time Wireless Temperature Monitoring

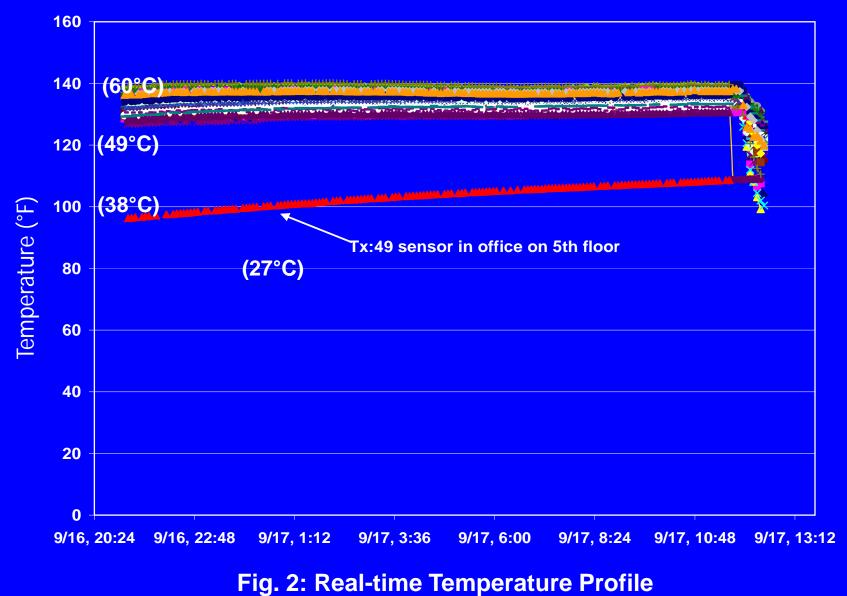


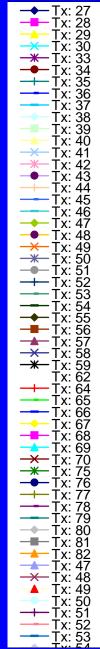






End of the Heat Treatment





Heating in Mill

50.0

46.8

43.5

40.0

36.5

32.7

28.5

24.3

19.9

0 0 1 3 4.5

Spread of Heat Treatment

USA

- California, Indiana, Minnesota, Kansas, Dakotas, Arkansas, NJ, Florida, Wisconsin.
- Canada
 - Ontario, Manitoba, Alberta, Maritime provinces

THERMAL REMEDIATION Industrial Applications

- Food Processing
- Rice Mills
- Flour Mills
- Pet Food
- Corn Mills
- Cereal Processing
- Bakeries
- Warehouses

- Pork Industry
- Baby Food
- Wood Packaging
- Finished Furniture
- Tobacco Companies
- Custom Cabinetry
- Hospitality / Hotels

Organic processing plants/storages

Entire structure or spot treatment

Heat Treatment of Bins & Silos

Proactive – Preventative & Reactive - Response





Bins & Silos

- Pre-loading or Pre-harvest HT
 - On-farm bins
 - Elevators storages
 - Processing facilities
 - Organic processing plants
- Bin/Silo types
 - Concrete
 - Metal
 - GI bins
 - Tanks

Empty Bin Sanitation

- Accumulation of BGFM under bin floors
 - Insect harborage
 - Mold spore accumulation



- Difficult to clean bin floors
- Available tools difficult to use or unavailable
 - Insecticide sprays have to drip through floor perforations
 - Blowing DE through fan does not guarantee uniform application
 - Chloropicrin no longer available
 - Phosphine requires applicator license

PERC Project – Purdue University Heat Treatment of Bins & Silos

TEMP-AIR MHT-1500:

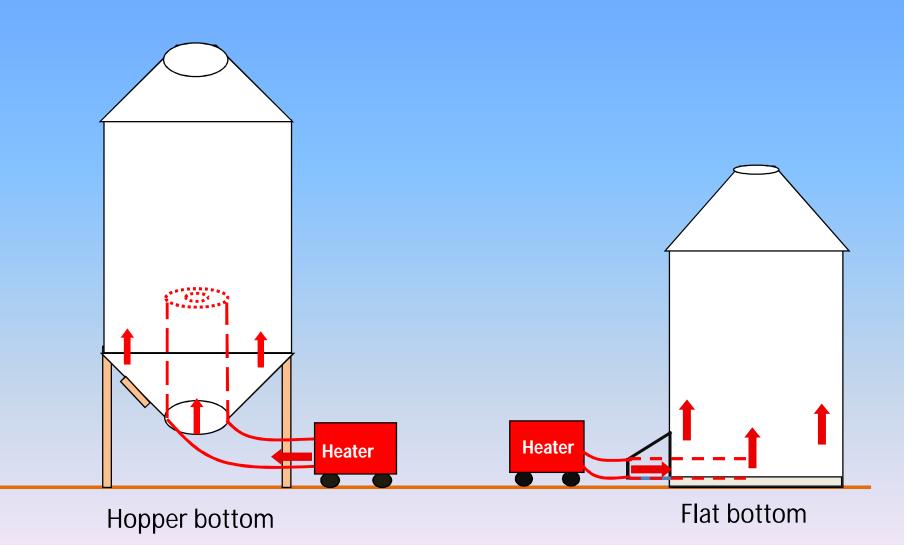
- Self contained mobile unit
- 7.5 Hp blower motor
- 30 KW, 230 V, 3 phase generator
- 150 gal. capacity LPG tank
- 1.5 million BTU/hr heater output





Portable Self Contained Unit Mobility with Simplicity!

HT of bins and silos



Advantages of HT of Bins/Silos

- SEE
- Shorter treatment times (4 to 12 hours)
- Bins/Silos in facilities
 - Treated in rotation without shut-down
- On farm or warehouses no extensive sealing or evacuation
- No retrofitting existing transition, bin-entry







- Facility C all adults/larvae of RFB dead at 50°C/122°F within 12 hours – Dr. Subi
- Facility X: 10- 12 hrs at 50 to 55°C/(122 131°F)
 Adults: Drug store beetle, Tobacco beetle, RGB, RFB, CFB
 Larvae: Drug store beetle, yellow meal worm

(Source: Dr. Paul Fields, AAFC, Canada)

- Predictive model: Thermal Death Kinetic model (Dr Subi)
- Smaller areas bakeries, silo rooms (8 to 10 hours)
- Treatment time = f (structural elements, size, rate of temperature rise and ΔT)

Collaborative Research

- Kansas State University
 - Basic research (1999) Dr. Subi (Stored Product pests)
- CNMA (2002-06) Canadian National Millers Association
 - In collaboration with Dr Paul Fields, Winnipeg
- PERC Propane Edu. Res. Council
 - Purdue University (2007-08) Dr. Maier (bins/silos)
 - University of Minnesota (2008) Dr. Kells (bed bugs)
- Oklahoma State University (2007) concrete silos
- GTI Gas Technology Institute (2007-08)
 - Soil Nematodes MB alternative

Conclusions

- Heat kills all life stages of insects
- Good method to locate insect problems in industrial plants
- Repeat customers = efficacy of heat
- Viable alternative to methyl bromide
- Economies of scale will make it more affordable
- Effective Bedbug control

TEMP-AIR

- Largest provider of temporary heating & cooling equipment in US
- Custom manufactures HVAC for rental fleet
- 11 regional offices serving northern US





Heat treatments for Stored Products Pest Control since 2000

Construction Heating Equipment





- 6,000+ rental units
 - Up to 4,500,000 Btu/hr
 - Fleet rating 4 BCF/hr
- Natural gas- and propane-fueled heaters
- Steam, hot water, and electric available
- Primary market is commercial/industrial; residential growing

On Site Images



Heater Placement on multiple floors



Heater Placement in rolling shutter

Heater Placement & Layout



Heater Partially inside Packaging Plant

Duct & Fan Layout - Packaging



Basement, Sensitive Equipment









Detecting hidden infestations







Overhead electrical junction box



10,000s of adults, larvae, pupae!!

Partial/Spot heat treatment in a warehouse





Partial/Spot heat treatment in a warehouse





Sprinkler heads and opening the machines





Temperature Profile, Beetles, & Rats!!!!









Concrete Bin Basement and Head house





Concrete Bin Basement and Head house







IPM, Pest Control Co., & Heat Treatment

- IPM An approach to pest control that includes biological, cultural, genetic, mechanical and chemical means with least environmental damage
- Pest Control Cos.: <u>Uniquely qualified to use multiple</u> <u>strategies</u>
- Heat Treatment can be <u>a tool</u> in the arsenal of pest control methods and <u>not necessarily a replacement</u>

Heat Treatment: Patented scientific process

It's more of an Art – HOW you apply it

Thank You





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